

LAWFULNESS, FAIRNESS AND TRANSPARENCY TEST

DAERA/26-728 - Environmental Information Regulations 2004 (EIR)

Request Details:

From Ken via email Ken@righttoknow.ie

1. All correspondence between DAERA/NIEA and the National Trust, Causeway Coast and Glens Heritage Trust, British Geological Survey, Geological Survey of Northern Ireland concerning the insertion, environmental impact, assessment or removal of coins at the Giant's Causeway.
2. A copy of any surveys, reports, assessments, photographs, estimates or other records detailing the scale of the problem, damage caused to the rock, number or weight of coins involved, recommended removal techniques or projected cost of remedial work.
3. All records created since 1 January 2024.
4. To receive this information electronically, ideally in its original electronic format.

Brief description of the Personal Data falling within the scope of the request

The data is personal names that occur in correspondence between all bodies and would enable personal identification.

LAWFULNESS

Please identify the lawful basis for processing

Personal data is processed when it is lawfully disclosed in response to an FOI / EIR request.

The lawful basis for processing is set out in Article 6 of the GDPR and the ICO expects at least one of two lawful bases (Consent / Legitimate Interest) to apply before the personal data held can be disclosed.

- ☐ **Consent:** This will apply when the data subject(s) clear consent exists that allows you to disclose the personal data falling within the scope of this request.
- ☐ **Legitimate interests:** the processing is necessary for the Department's legitimate interests or the legitimate interests of a third party that overrides the data subject(s) rights and freedoms, particularly their right to privacy.

Consideration of Legitimate Interests

1. PURPOSE

As the disclosure of personal data under FOIA or EIR is a disclosure to the world at large, doing so on the strength of a requester's private interests alone could constitute a disproportionate and unwarranted level of interference with the data subject(s) rights and freedoms, particularly their right to privacy and family life under the Human Rights Act 1998.

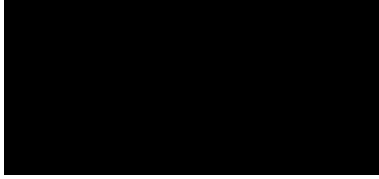
2. NECESSITY

The right of access under FOI or EIR does not in itself constitute a pressing social need.

The Department has considered and not identified any such need for the data subject's right to privacy to be interfered with.

CONCLUSION

Having considered all of the information contained within this test, the Department has established that, on balance, there is no lawful basis exists for the disclosure of third party personal data falling within the scope of the request.



Landscape Branch