

#### NI Water's Contribution to the Environment

## **Bush & Glens Catchment Stakeholder Group**

**Speaker: Gareth Maxwell** 

LIMS & Compliance Reporting Manager

25<sup>th</sup> April 2012



# NI Water's Environmental Contribution Presentation Structure

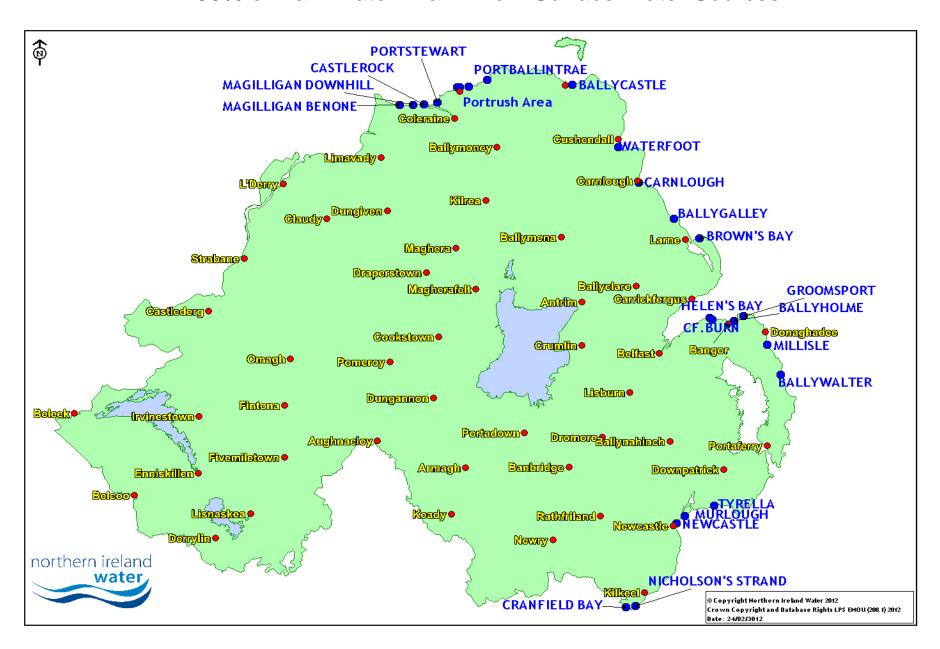
- 1) Capital Expenditure
- 2) Compliance
- 3) Operational Issues
- 4) Environmental Solutions
- 5) Summary

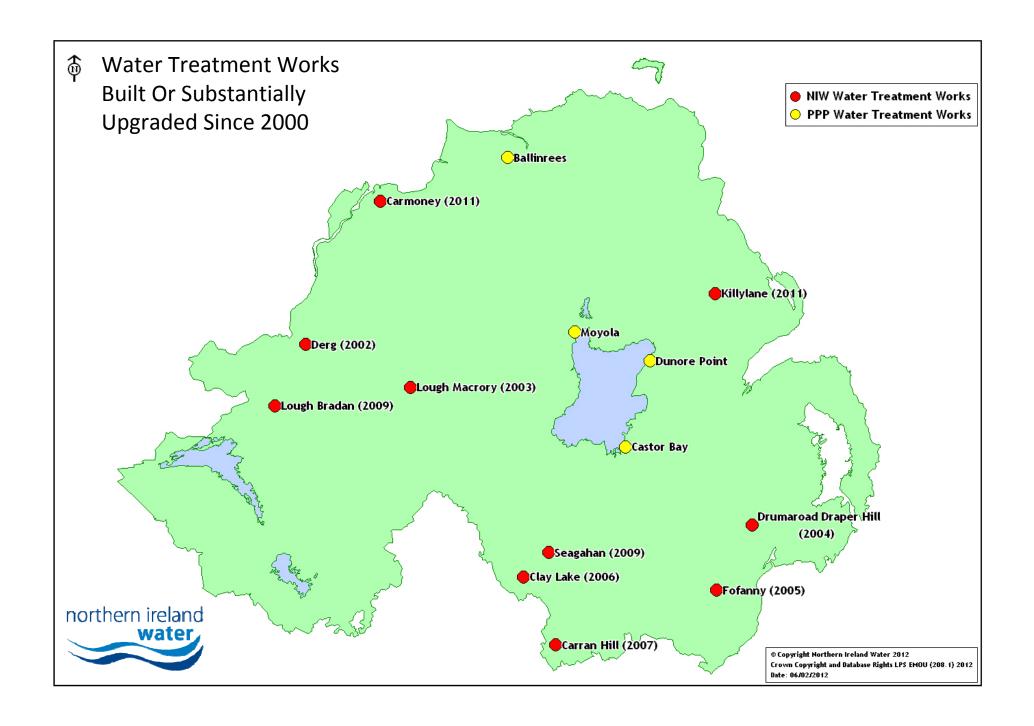


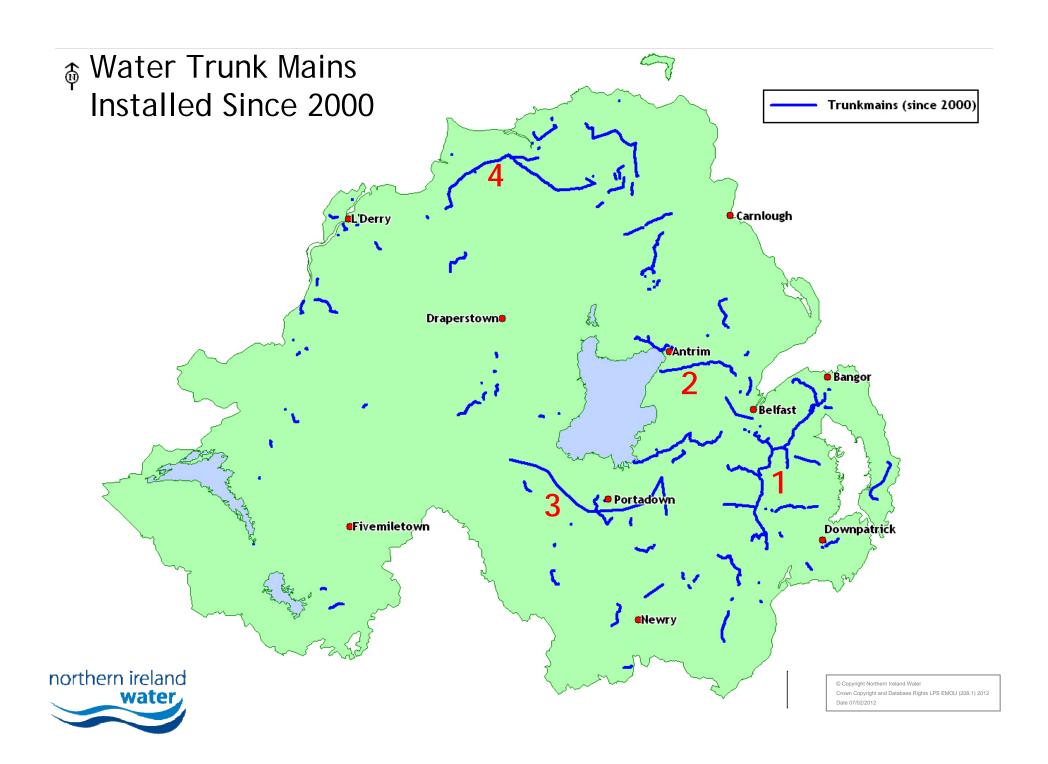
### **Capital Expenditure**

- Enhancement of water / wastewater treatment works – to improve quality of discharges
- Upgrades of sewer networks to limit overflows
- Base Maintenance and Operational expenditure
   to sustain quality of discharges

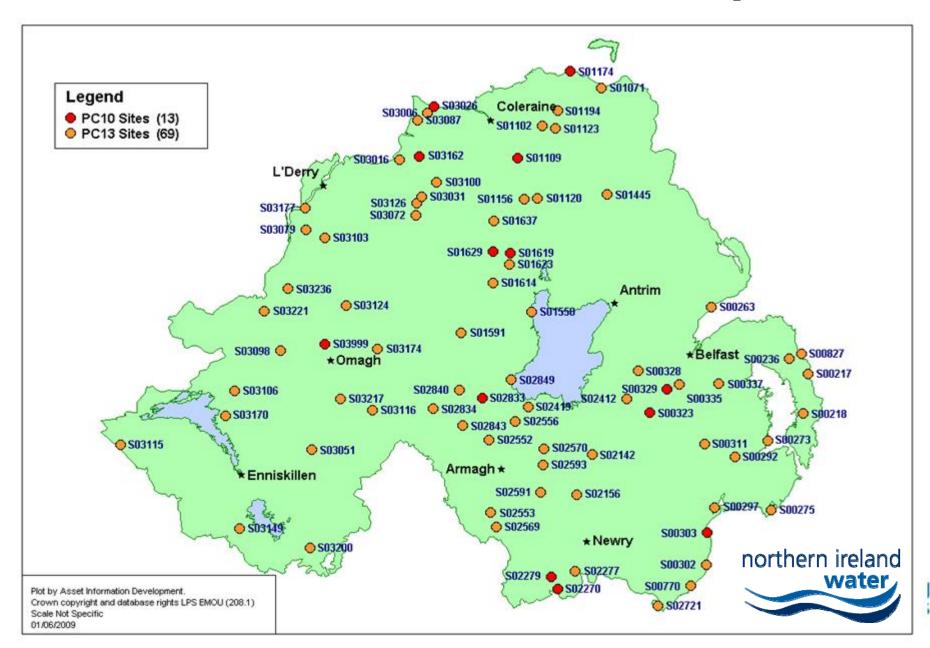
## NIW Operating Area – Predominantly Rural, Long Coastline, 24 Bathing Waters >99% of Raw Water Drawn from Surface Water Sources

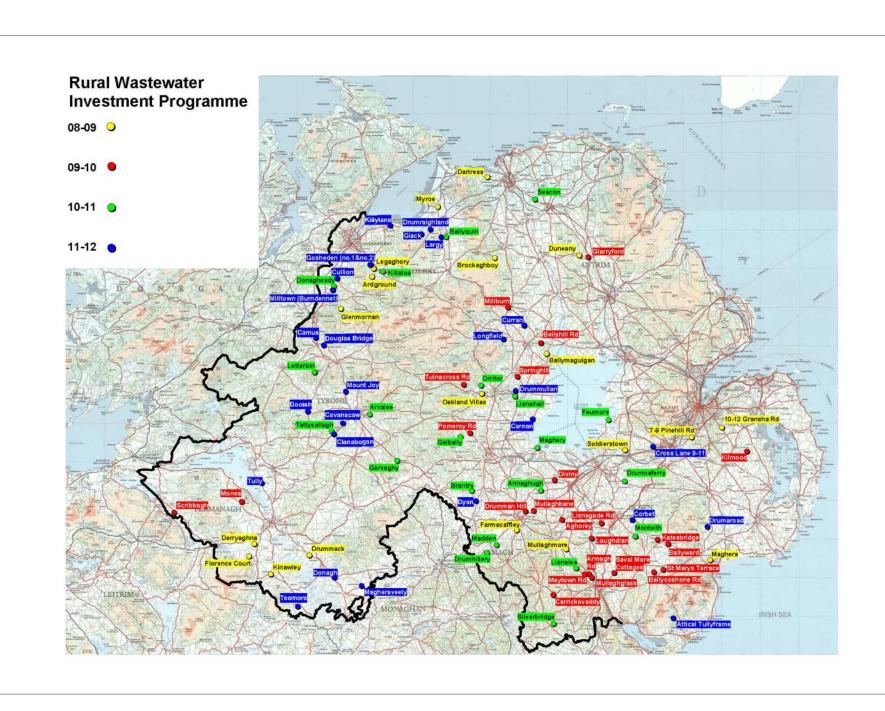






### PC10 Period & PC13 Period WwTW Programme



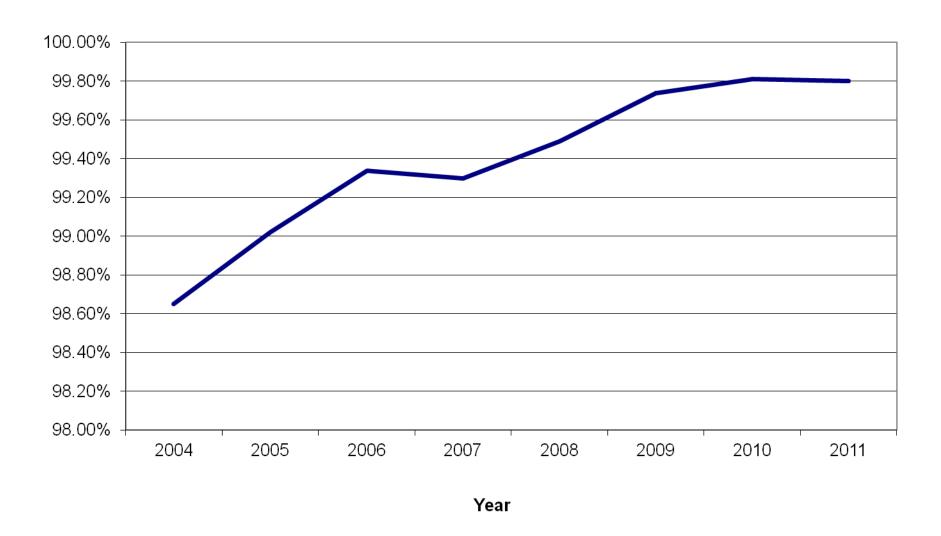




# NI Water's Environmental Contribution Presentation Structure

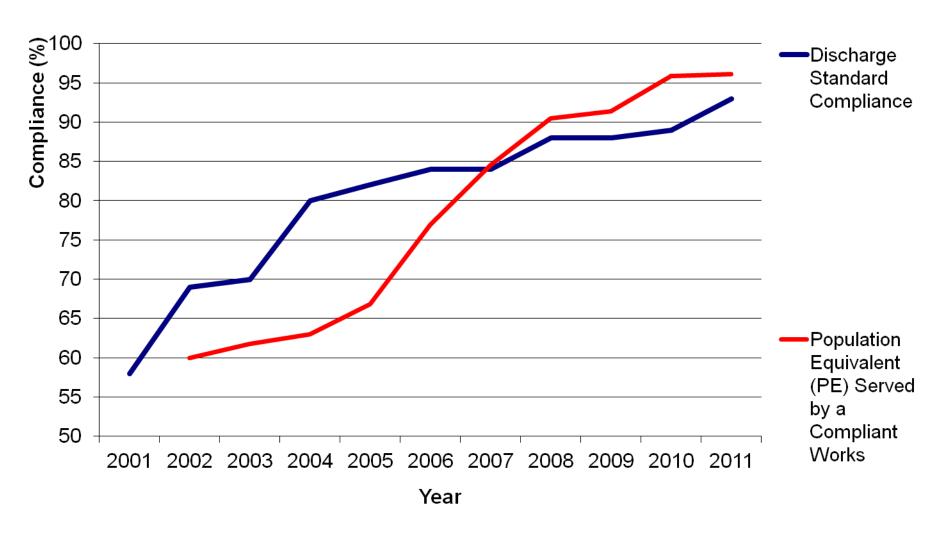
- 1) Capital Expenditure
- 2) Compliance
- 3) Operational Issues
- 4) Environmental Solutions
- 5) Conclusions

#### **Drinking Water Quality - Mean Zonal Compliance (MZC)**



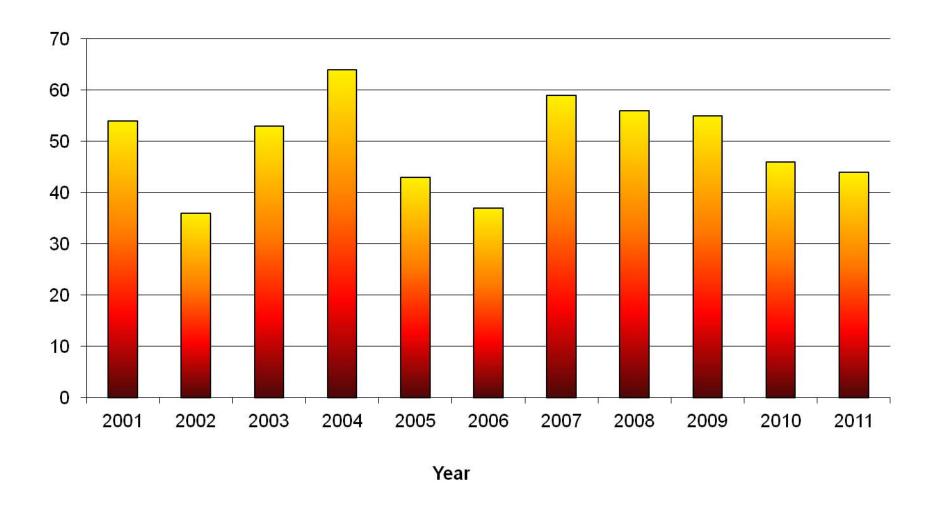


#### **Wastewater Treatment - Discharge Standard Compliance**





#### High / Medium Pollution Incidents attributed to NIW







# NI Water's Environmental Contribution Presentation Structure

- 1) Capital Expenditure
- 2) Compliance
- 3) Operational Issues
- 4) Environmental Solutions
- 5) Conclusions

## Operational Issues



## Background

- Sewer flooding is caused by both hydraulic overload and other causes
- Hydraulic overload due to heavy rain and insufficient capacity in sewer network. (10%)
- These problems are being dealt with by 'upgrading' the system.
- Other cause flooding due to blockages (90%), pump failure and sewer collapses.
- These problems are being dealt with by reactive clearance/ maintenance/ repairs.



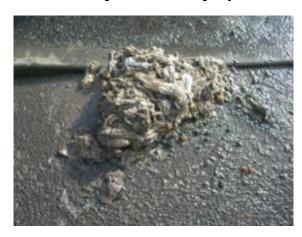




## Current situation

## Understanding of what causes blockages is crucial

- Current NIW records suggests that:
- > 2/3 of blockages are caused by rags;
- almost 1/3 by fats, oils and greases (FOG); and
- > only 2% by problem in a pipe.







# Inappropriate flushing

- Disposable products rags
- Fats, oils and greases (FOG)
- Food waste







# Severe grease build up









# Rags, grease and debris







### **Telemetry Control Centre**

- 1) Pumping stations have telemetry alarms in place
- 2) Provide early warning of pump failures and overflows
- 3) Prompt response minimises environmental impact



# NI Water's Environmental Contribution Presentation Structure

- 1) Capital Expenditure
- 2) Compliance
- 3) Operational Issues
- 4) Environmental Solutions
- 5) Conclusions

#### **General Public - Education and Awareness Techniques**

Costly waste

that drains

our economy

#### **Bag it & Bin it Campaigns**



Local Press

#### **Advertising**



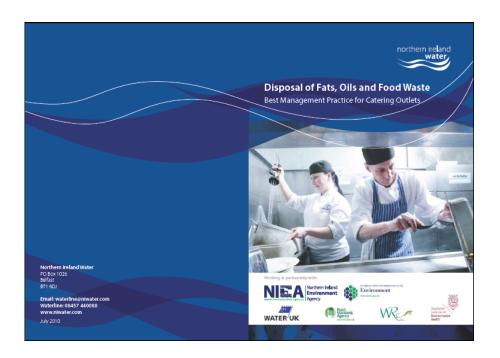


Public representatives & community groups



**School visits** 

#### **Commercial / Industrial - Education and Awareness techniques**



**NIW Booklet** 

Face to face visits, monitoring, trade effluent team, Environmental Health Officer, letters of warning, prosecutions



**Guidance posters** 



## In summary

NI Water is progressing education campaigns in partnership with a number of organisations

NI Water will continue to deliver investment on a prioritised basis to improve the water environment



## Altnahinch Compensation Water

 The compensation flow is set at 3.21 Ml/d which is the <u>minimum</u> flow that will bypass the dam and re-enter the River Bush.

 At times when the dam is overflowing then the excess water <u>plus</u> the 3.21 Ml/d will be returned to the river.

**2011 Altnahinch Dam Level** 

